

ULTRATOOL® Monolith™ Series End Mills for Aluminum

Monolith end mills by Ultra-Tool represent a culmination of decades of experience and craftsmanship in solid carbide grinding. Extended reach applications are notoriously difficult, but each respective Monolith Series combines the best of SmoothGrind, SmoothConcricity, SmoothEdge and SmoothCoat to maximize success. The 330ML and 333ML hold size & concentricity to a max of .0003 deviation, even at a 12" reach! All AL Monoliths feature SE8, with optional TC or A1 hardcoating.

Series 333ML

Solid Carbide Ext. Reach End Mill for Aluminum

- Three Flutes • Tight Tolerance • Minimal TIR
- Square, Corner Rad, & Ball End
- Standard Clearance Neck



MONOLITH™

333AL Series End Mill Specs:
Cutting Diam +.0000/-.0003
Shank Diam +.0000/-.0003



Diam	LOC	LBS	OAL	Neck	Shank	Square EDP#	.015 rad EDP#	.030 rad EDP#	.060 rad EDP#	.090 rad EDP#	.125 rad EDP#	.190 rad EDP#	.250 rad EDP#	Ball EDP#	UnCoated	TC or A1 Coated
3/8	1/2	2-1/8	4"	.355	3/8	11940	12000	11960	12001	12002				12003	\$62.80	\$68.90
3/8	1/2	4-1/8	6"	.355	3/8	11941	12004	11961	12005	12006				12007	\$81.50	\$91.20
1/2	5/8	2-1/4	4"	.475	1/2	11942	12008	11962	12009	12010	12011			12012	\$93.70	\$102.30
1/2	5/8	4-1/8	6"	.475	1/2	11943	12013	11963	12014	12015	12016			12017	\$123.80	\$136.30
1/2	5/8	5-1/2	8"	.475	1/2	11944	12018	11964	12019	12020	12021			12022	\$155.60	\$175.10
5/8	3/4	2-3/8	4"	.593	5/8	11945		11965	12023	12024	12025			12026	\$138.30	\$147.50
5/8	3/4	4-1/8	6"	.593	5/8	11946		11966	12027	12028	12029			12030	\$182.10	\$197.20
5/8	3/4	5-1/2	8"	.593	5/8	11947		11967	12031	12032	12033			12034	\$233.40	\$256.40
3/4	1"	3-1/4	5"	.712	3/4	27688		27692	27696	27700	27704	27708	27712	27716	\$234.40	\$250.70
3/4	1"	4-1/8	6"	.712	3/4	11948		11968	12035	12036	12037	12038	12039	12040	\$260.90	\$278.40
3/4	1"	5"	7"	.712	3/4	27689		27693	27697	27701	27705	27709	27713	27717	\$285.80	\$309.50
3/4	1"	5-1/2	8"	.712	3/4	11949		11969	12041	12042	12043	12044	12045	12046	\$330.20	\$355.40
3/4	1"	8"	12"	.712	3/4	11950		11970	12047	12048	12049	12050	12051	12052	\$441.60	\$479.40
1"	1-1/4	3"	5"	.950	1"	27690		27694	27698	27702	27706	27710	27714	27718	\$390.10	\$410.40
1"	1-1/4	4-1/8	6"	.950	1"	11951		11971	12053	12054	12055	12056	12057	12058	\$405.80	\$427.10
1"	1-1/4	5"	7"	.950	1"	27691		27695	27699	27703	27707	27711	27715	27719	\$451.80	\$475.90
1"	1-1/4	5-1/2	8"	.950	1"	11952		11972	12059	12060	12061	12062	12063	12064	\$517.50	\$547.30
1"	1-1/4	8"	12"	.950	1"	11953		11973	12065	12066	12067	12068	12069	12070	\$715.50	\$752.80
1-1/4	1-1/2	4-1/8	6"	1.20	1-1/4	11954		11974		12071	12072	12073	12074	12075	\$541.20	\$573.90
1-1/4	1-1/2	5-1/2	8"	1.20	1-1/4	11955		11975		12076	12077	12078	12079	12080	\$672.60	\$719.80
1-1/4	1-1/2	8"	12"	1.20	1-1/4	11956		11976		12081	12082	12083	12084	12085	\$941.00	\$998.20
1-1/2	2"	-	6"	-	1-1/4	11957		11977						12086	\$640.30	\$691.00
1-1/2	2"	-	8"	-	1-1/4	11958		11978						12087	\$812.70	\$873.30
1-1/2	2"	-	12"	-	1-1/4	11959		11979						12088	\$1119.80	\$1203.70

new! Standard Radius sizes throughout the range!

ULTRATOOL PERFORMANCE SE8 R10 E05



new!



Ultra-Tool offers 2 world class coatings as standard for our aluminum tools!

Simply add a "TC" or "A1" suffix to the EDP#. For UnCoated, either use no suffix or add "UC."

SmoothEdge is included!

The newest SmoothEdge® for our Aluminum end mills contributes to amazing surface finishes on milled parts.

Application Data for Standard ULTRATOOL End Mills

The milling data presented below is for all "standard" Series of Ultra end mills (data is presented separately on each respective product page for our application-specific high performance designs). Note: When using SmoothCoat & SmoothEdge surface treatments, Surface Feet or Meters Per Minute can be increased from the stated levels by at least 25%.



Peripheral Milling data based on axial depth ≤ 100% of tool diameter & radial depth of ≤ 25% of tool diameter.



Slot Milling data based on axial depth of cut = 50% of tool diameter.

End Mill Specifications:

Diameter: +.000 / -.002
Shank Diameter: +.0000 / -.0003
LOC: +.060 / -.000
OAL: ± .060
Helix: ± 2°

Milling;
Fractional

Material	SFPM	SFPM	1/8"	3/16"	1/4"	5/16"	3/8"	7/16"	1/2"	5/8"	3/4"	1"
Steel	Peripheral	Slotting	Feed Per Tooth (FPT)									
1018 / 1020	150 to 350	150 to 300	.0005	.0010	.0015	.0018	.0020	.0025	.0030	.0035	.0040	.0045
4140 / 4340 / P20	150 to 300	125 to 225	.0005	.0007	.0010	.0012	.0015	.0018	.0020	.0025	.0030	.0040
Stainless Steel												
303 / 304 / 316	150 to 300	125 to 250	.0005	.0007	.0010	.0012	.0015	.0018	.0020	.0030	.0040	.0040
410 / 420 / 440C	150 to 300	125 to 250	.0005	.0007	.0010	.0012	.0015	.0018	.0020	.0025	.0035	.0038
15-5/17-4 ≤ 32HRc	125 to 250	100 to 225	.0005	.0007	.0010	.0012	.0015	.0018	.0020	.0025	.0030	.0038
15-5/17-4 ≥ 32HRc	100 to 150	100 to 150	.0003	.0005	.0010	.0012	.0015	.0015	.0015	.0020	.0030	.0038
13-8 / 316L	125 to 300	125 to 250	.0005	.0007	.0010	.0012	.0015	.0018	.0020	.0030	.0040	.0040
Tool Steel												
A2/D2/H13 ≤ 32HRc	125 to 250	100 to 200	.0005	.0007	.0010	.0012	.0015	.0018	.0020	.0025	.0030	.0035
A2/D2/H13 ≥ 32HRc	100 to 150	100 to 125	.0003	.0005	.0010	.0012	.0015	.0015	.0015	.0020	.0030	.0035
Titanium												
6Al-4V	120 to 250	100 to 175	.0005	.0007	.0010	.0012	.0012	.0018	.0020	.0020	.0030	.0040
High Temp Alloys												
Inconel 625	50 to 150	50 to 125	.0005	.0007	.0010	.0012	.0012	.0018	.0020	.0020	.0025	.0030
Inconel 718	50 to 150	50 to 125	.0003	.0005	.0010	.0012	.0012	.0015	.0015	.0020	.0025	.0025
Cast Iron												
Gray Iron ≤ 32HRc	150 to 350	125 to 300	.0005	.0007	.0010	.0012	.0015	.0018	.0020	.0030	.0040	.0045
Ductile Iron	150 to 300	125 to 250	.0005	.0007	.0010	.0012	.0015	.0018	.0020	.0025	.0035	.0045
Non-Ferrous												
6061 T6 Aluminum	up to 2000	up to 1500	.0010	.0020	.0020	.0025	.0030	.0035	.0040	.0050	.0060	.0070
Copper, Brass, Bronze	up to 1200	up to 1000	.0010	.0010	.0020	.0022	.0025	.0028	.0030	.0040	.0040	.0050
Plastic	up to 2000	up to 1500	.0010	.0020	.0030	.0035	.0040	.0050	.0060	.0080	.0100	.0120

Metric End Mill Specifications:

Diameter (mm): +.000 / -.051 mm
Shank Diameter(mm): +.000 / -.007 mm
LOC: +1.52 / -0.00 mm
OAL: ±1.52 mm

Metric

Material	SMPM	SMPM	2 mm	3 mm	4 mm	6 mm	8 mm	10 mm	12 mm	16 mm	20 mm	25 mm
Steel	Peripheral	Slotting	Feed Per Tooth (FPT)									
1018 / 1020	45 to 110	45 to 90	0.010	0.012	0.025	0.038	0.045	0.050	0.080	0.090	0.100	0.120
4140 / 4340 / P20	45 to 90	40 to 70	0.010	0.012	0.018	0.025	0.030	0.038	0.050	0.065	0.080	0.100
Stainless Steel												
303 / 304 / 316	45 to 90	40 to 75	0.010	0.012	0.018	0.025	0.030	0.038	0.050	0.080	0.100	0.100
410 / 420 / 440C	45 to 90	40 to 75	0.010	0.012	0.018	0.025	0.030	0.038	0.050	0.065	0.080	0.100
15-5/17-4 ≤ 32HRc	38 to 75	30 to 70	0.010	0.012	0.018	0.025	0.030	0.038	0.050	0.065	0.080	0.100
15-5/17-4 ≥ 32HRc	30 to 45	30 to 45	0.005	0.007	0.012	0.025	0.030	0.038	0.038	0.050	0.080	0.100
13-8 / 316L	38 to 90	40 to 75	0.010	0.012	0.018	0.025	0.030	0.038	0.050	0.080	0.100	0.100
Tool Steel												
A2/D2/H13 ≤ 32HRc	38 to 75	30 to 60	0.010	0.012	0.018	0.025	0.030	0.038	0.050	0.065	0.080	0.090
A2/D2/H13 ≥ 32HRc	30 to 45	30 to 40	0.005	0.007	0.012	0.025	0.030	0.038	0.038	0.050	0.080	0.090
Titanium												
6Al-4V	35 to 75	30 to 53	0.010	0.012	0.018	0.025	0.030	0.038	0.050	0.065	0.080	0.100
High Temp Alloys												
Inconel 625	15 to 45	15 to 38	0.010	0.012	0.018	0.025	0.030	0.038	0.050	0.050	0.065	0.070
Inconel 718	15 to 45	15 to 38	0.005	0.007	0.012	0.025	0.030	0.038	0.038	0.050	0.065	0.065
Cast Iron												
Gray Iron ≤ 32HRc	45 to 110	40 to 90	0.010	0.012	0.018	0.025	0.030	0.038	0.050	0.080	0.100	0.120
Ductile Iron	45 to 90	40 to 75	0.010	0.012	0.018	0.025	0.030	0.038	0.050	0.065	0.090	0.120
Non-Ferrous												
6061 T6 Aluminum	up to 600	up to 450	0.020	0.025	0.050	0.050	0.064	0.080	0.100	0.130	0.150	0.180
Copper, Brass, Bronze	up to 365	up to 300	0.020	0.025	0.025	0.050	0.056	0.065	0.080	0.100	0.100	0.130
Plastic	up to 600	up to 450	0.020	0.025	0.050	0.080	0.089	0.100	0.150	0.200	0.250	0.300

1

ULTRA-Grain®

Components of Guaranteed Quality

COMPONENT #1: Carbide Substrate From being the first Company to introduce MicroGrain carbide to the mass-market round tool industry through the present day, Tool Alliance® has consistently innovated new powder and grade combinations for demanding applications. We recognize that our material is the very first Significant Characteristic. By creating partnerships with a limited number of tungsten powder and cemented-carbide material suppliers, we are able to guarantee that our customers receive precision-tolerance tools ground from only the purest, finest grades available worldwide. The following photographs of Ultra-Carb® 1 and Ultra-Grain® 1 respectively demonstrate the complexity of the compound we commonly refer to as Cemented Carbide. Taken at magnification of 10,000 X through an SEM (Scanning Electron Microscope), the visible grains are tungsten while the cobalt binder appears as dark shadows. The largest tungsten grains appearing in the Ultra-Carb photo are less than one micron in size. Note that these grades are two samples representing more than a dozen different substrates we use throughout our product lines, each having a particular application niche. Compared to other industry participants, you will find that Tool Alliance offers the best month-to-month and year-to-year consistency in carbide grain structure.



Ultra-Carb® 1
Cobalt Percentage: 6%
Grain Size (µm): ≤ 0.8
Hardness: 93.5 HRA
Fracture Toughness (K1c): 6.6
TRS (GPa): 3.8
Density (gm/cc): 14.90



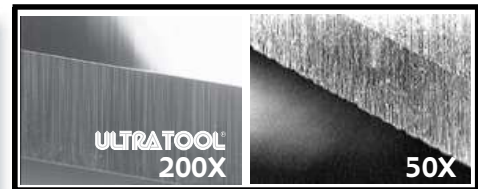
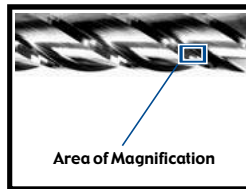
Ultra-Grain® 1
Cobalt Percentage: 10%
Grain Size (µm): ≤ 0.7
Hardness: 92.7 HRA
Fracture Toughness (K1c): 7.9
TRS (GPa): 4.1
Density (gm/cc): 14.30



2

SmoothGrind®

COMPONENT #2: The Grinding Process After selecting the best material available, Tool Alliance has perfected the manufacturing technology to optimize 100% of its physical properties. We call this process SmoothGrind®. Years in development, SmoothGrind is the result of a proprietary combination of material, abrasive, coolant, machine-tool, software, and grinding method technologies that produce cutting tools with superior qualitative characteristics. Sharper and longer lasting cutting edges, enhanced work piece finishes, and much improved lubricity are just some of the benefits brought to you by the latest solid carbide rotary tooling advances from Tool Alliance. The two photos above display an Ultra-Tool end mill primary relief featuring SmoothGrind (left) versus a major competitor's product (right). To fully demonstrate the difference, the Ultra end mill is shown at double the magnification. Note the straight line of our end mill's primary relief in comparison to the jagged edge of the competing product. Keep in mind the competitive end mill is a very good product that has a large following, yet the difference is substantial.



SmoothGrind® Competitor's

3

SmoothContricity®



COMPONENT #3: The Tooling Process All the best physical ingredients are wasted unless they are all pulled together in a comprehensive system that maximizes their respective attributes. Tool Alliance calls this process SmoothContricity®. Our customer base represents the leading edge of machine tool utilization, and SmoothContricity ensures that optimum results can be obtained in a variety of ways; minimized run-out (TIR), industry-leading tolerances on diameter & radius, and 100% Shrink Fit Ready (SFR) shanks. Combined, these attributes allow our consumers to reach full machining potential and position the cutting tool as a systematic contributor to process consistency and repeatability.



Shrink Fit Ready

4

SmoothEdge®

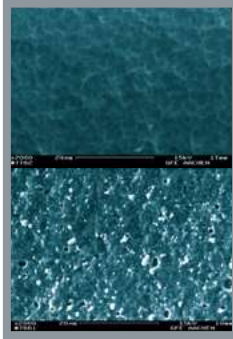


.0001 SmoothEdge atop cylindrical margin atop primary relief.



COMPONENT #4: The Edge Preparation Process

Our cutting edges are literally too sharp for certain materials. For our carbide inserts and now increasingly for our solid carbide round tools, proper edge preparation can yield huge productivity improvements to "out of the box" tool application. Using a treatment we call SmoothEdge® and performed on machine tools developed in our own R&D lab, we've taken the mystery out of tool "break-in" and provided a consistency that can be counted on time and again. The processes range from a microblasting treatment using extremely fine aluminum oxide powder to a diamond-lapping compound to brushes. All are application-specific to sound and run smooth from the first cut and protect your tooling investment from unnecessary potential for chipping during your initial tooling paths. Big productivity gains can be achieved in certain applications as well due to improved chip formation and evacuation. Learn more about SmoothEdge on Page #55.



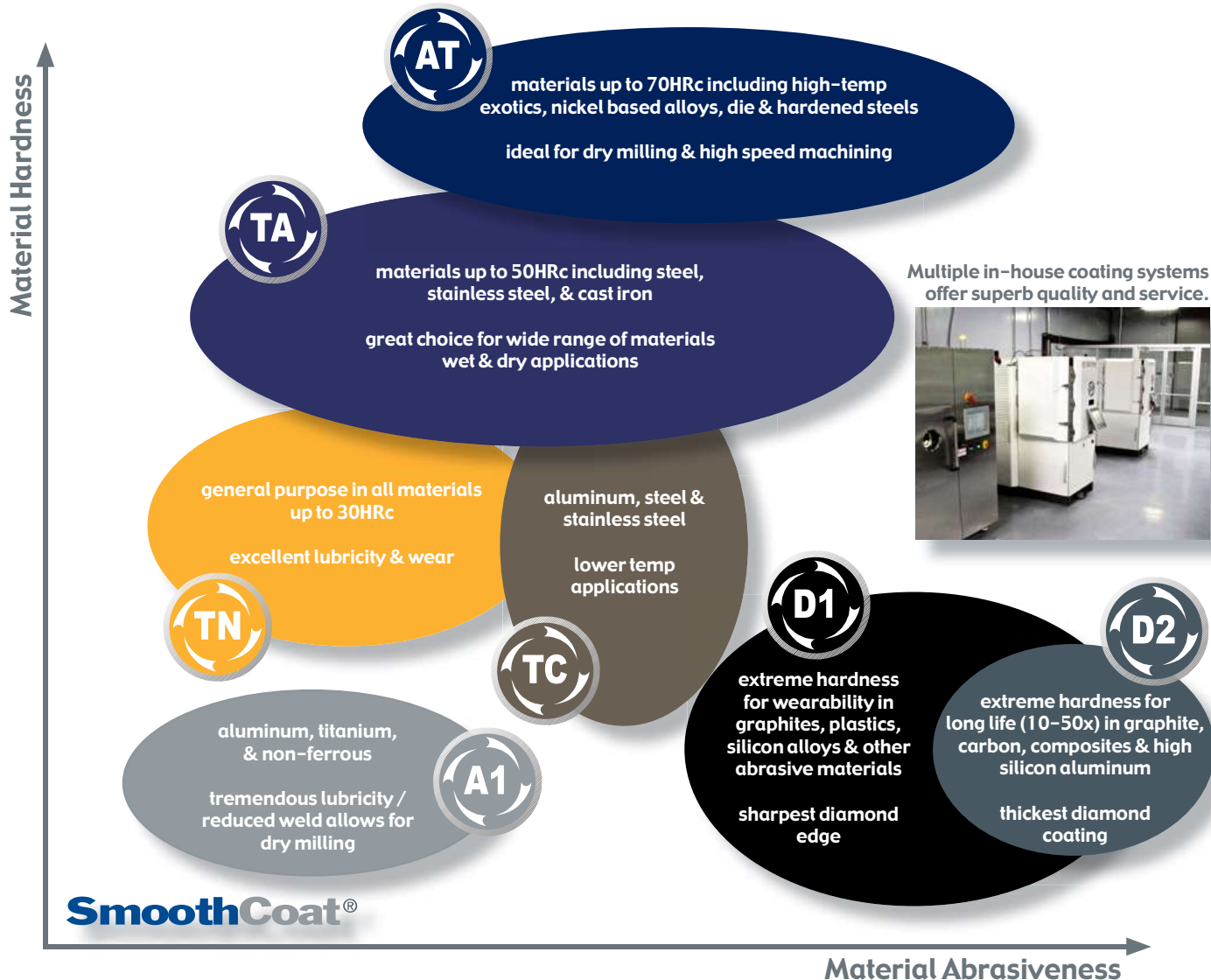
Our coating @ 2,000X (top).
Everybody else's (bottom).

SmoothCoat® 5

COMPONENT #5: The Coating Process The challenge of finding a coating method to leverage 100% of the inherent assets of our carbide grade and grinding technologies was difficult. What we finally discovered was such a perfect fit and so logical for our product lines that we invested heavily into the process we now call SmoothCoat®. Much more than simply the standard arc-deposited PVD coating, SmoothCoat involves sputter multi-layering and a multi-step prep & post operation called Micro-Blasting. The advantages of this procedure include relieving of tensile stresses underneath the cutting edge, increased stability of the coating surface, and perhaps most importantly, elevating SmoothGrind even another notch by leveling and activating the cemented carbide substrate. The result is a smooth, shiny, tough, and durable surface that can withstand tomorrow's machining requirements and outlast competitive coatings. Additionally, we've made it a standard feature on thousands of our standard catalog items. Our coating services are performed within our own factories for quality & extremely quick turnaround times.

Coating Availability

Order by adding the suffix TA, TN, AT, TC, A1, D1, or D2 to the EDP #.



Multiple in-house coating systems offer superb quality and service.

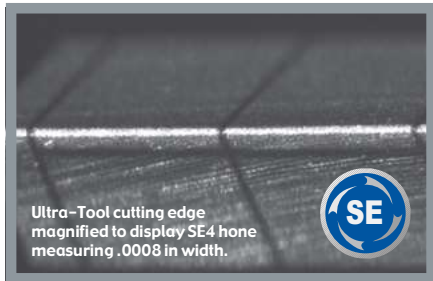


ULTRATOOL® Technical Data

SmoothEdge®

The Edge Preparation Process

Our cutting edges are literally too sharp for certain materials. For our carbide inserts and now increasingly for our solid carbide round tools, proper edge preparation can yield huge productivity improvements to “out of the box” tool application. Using a process we call **SmoothEdge®** and performed on machine tools developed in our own R&D lab, we’ve taken the mystery out of tool “break-in” and provided a consistency that can be counted on time and again. All five types of **SmoothEdge** will yield different benefits dependent upon application. **SmoothEdge** will make your tools sound and run smooth from the first cut and protect your tooling investment from unnecessary potential for chipping during initial tool paths.



Combine SmoothEdge with our other value added features to design the ultimate cutting solution.

SmoothGrind®

- Lubricity
- Sharpness
- Polished Cutting Edges
- Hardness & Adhesion
- Masked Shanks
- Coating Uniformity
- Minimized TIR
- Shrink Fit Ready (SFR)
- Tight Tolerances

SmoothCoat®

SmoothContricity®

Primary SmoothCoat recommendations:



A1 for SE2



TA for SE4



AT for SE5

Our newest technology can achieve incredible productivity increases in specific applications. Many of our new Series include SmoothEdge as a standard feature, while on others it can be added as a same day post treatment for a small charge. Ask your Inside Sales representative about SmoothEdge today!



SmoothEdge 1

A microblasting treatment using extremely fine aluminum oxide powder to smooth the carbide surface while generating a very light edge preparation. This feature comes standard with any SmoothCoat® coating.

Uses: Highly recommended for most milling and drilling applications.



SmoothEdge 2

A lapping treatment to create extreme lubricity & smoothness with minimal edge prep on uncoated tools.

Uses: Highly recommended for milling and drilling of aluminum and other non-ferrous applications using UnCoated, A1, or TC coated tools.



SmoothEdge 3

Combines microblasting and lapping for a light hone with extreme lubricity.

Uses: Highly recommended for a wide range of general purpose machining applications using coated tools.



SmoothEdge 4

Adds a proprietary hone to the blasting and lapping cycles for a medium edge prep with excellent lubricity.

Uses: Highly recommended for milling and drilling applications involving general steels, stainless, and cast iron.



SmoothEdge 5

Doubles the honing and lapping cycle for maximum edge strength; a robust edge preparation combined with excellent lubricity characteristics.

Uses: Highly recommended for milling and drilling applications involving stainless, high-temp alloys, and exotics.

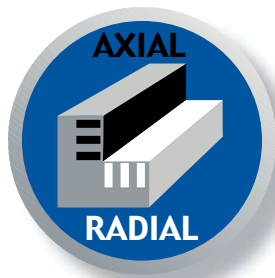
ULTRATOOL Technical Data

With so many variables present in the machining process, it is essential to optimize every possible factor to achieve world-class efficiency. Your choice of a genuine Ultra-Tool® Solid Carbide product is an excellent first step in the process. Ultra-Tool® Solid Carbide products are high-performance tools that will perform best in a machining environment characterized by rigid fixturing and minimal spindle runout. Attention to proper speed and feed will eliminate vibration, chatter, and overheating as well as extending tool life. Generally speaking, the peripheral speed of solid carbide tools will vary with the hardness of the material being cut. The harder the material, the slower the speed. High speed and insufficient feed will cause work surface glazing and poor tool life. Chipping of cutting edges is an indication of chatter which can be caused by too high of speed, too light of cut, or improper support of the tool or workpiece. Handling is also very important; sharpened cutting edges should never be allowed to come into contact with any hard object (or another tool) in a non-machining environment as they will chip easily. Keep your Ultra-Tool® products in their original protective packaging until ready for use.

The guidelines on the following pages are generalities designed to demonstrate the operating window within which you may experience the best results. The charts and information provided should prove valuable in longer tool life with greatly reduced operational costs. This information is for uncoated product: SmoothCoat products will have significantly higher speed and feed rates. For more information contact an Ultra-Tool® Factory Engineer, Sales Manager or consult our websites at ultra-tool.com and toolalliance.com. eMails can be sent to technical@toolalliance.com.

Ultra-Tool International, Inc. is constantly striving to improve its processes, specifications, and tolerances. As such, products are subject to change without prior notice.

WARNING: Grinding or other use of this tool may produce hazardous dust and fumes which may endanger health. Grinding or modification should be done by professionals only. To avoid adverse health effects, read the material safety data sheet for this product. Utilize adequate ventilation and appropriate protection. Cutting tools may shatter when broken; eye protection in vicinity of use is strongly advised. MSDS available at www.ultra-tool.com.



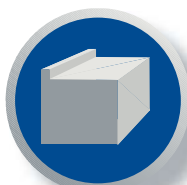
Commonly Used Formulas:

Surface Feet Minute (SFM)=RPM x Diam. x .262
 Revolutions Per Minute (RPM)=3.82 x (SFM / Diam.)
 Feed Rate (IPM)=IPT x #teeth x RPM
 Drilling (IPM)=IPR x RPM
 Feed Per Tooth (IPT)=IPM / (#teeth x RPM)
 Convert Inches to millimeters: Multiply by 25.4
 Convert millimeters to Inches: Multiply by .03937

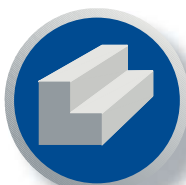
Tech Help Call, eMail us at technical@toolalliance.com, or copy / fax us this page for detailed assistance beyond what printed materials can provide. Please have the following information available to assure we can promptly process a response.

Checklist:

- Tool Description
- Application Description
- Work Piece Material
- Hardness (HRc)
- Current Speed (RPM or SFPM)
- Current Feed (CPT or IPM or FPR)
- Axial DOC
- Radial DOC
- Hole Depth (drilling)
- Machine Tool



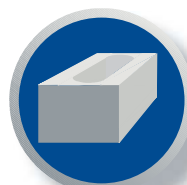
Face Milling



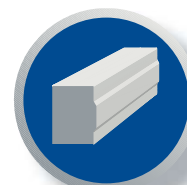
End Milling



Slot Milling



Pocket Milling



Peripheral Milling



Application Tips for ULTRATOOL® Solid Carbide Products

Trouble Shooting for Ultra-Tool® Carbide End Mills

Problem	Cause	Solution
Chipping	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Feed rate too high Up milling (conventional) Cutting edge too sharp Chattering Loose tool Workpiece rigidity Tool rigidity Low cutting speed Loose toolholder 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Reduce feed rate Change to down milling (climb) Hone cutting edge or allow break-in Reduce RPM Remove, clean, and retighten Tighten workpiece holding method Shorten LOC, place shank further up holder Increase RPM Remove from spindle, clean and replace
Wear	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> High cutting speed Low feed rate Up milling (conventional) Hard material Poor chip evacuation Improper cutter helix Poor coolant 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Reduce RPM Increase feed rate Change to down milling (climb) Use coated tool Reposition coolant lines, use air blasting Change to recommended helix angle Replace coolant or correct mixture
Breakage	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Feed rate too high Depth of cut too large Poor tool rigidity Tool wear Poor chip evacuation 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Reduce feed rate Reduce depth of cut Shorten LOC, place shank further up holder Replace/regrind sooner Reposition coolant lines, use air blasting
Chattering	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Speed and feed too high Poor toolholder rigidity Poor spindle rigidity Workpiece rigidity Relief angle too high Depth of cut too large Poor tool rigidity 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Reduce feed rate Replace with shorter/more rigid holder Use larger spindle or different machine tool Tighten workpiece holding method Regrind with smaller relief angle Reduce depth of cut Shorten LOC, place shank further up holder
Short Life	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Cutter/workpiece friction Hard material Poor material condition Improper cutter angle Poor coolant 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Use coated tool Use coated tool, clean material surface Regrind with proper primary relief angle Replace coolant or correct mixture
Chip Packing	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Feed rate too high Low cutting speed Insufficient chip room Insufficient coolant 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Reduce feed rate or increase speed Increase RPM or reduce feed rate Use tool with less flutes, increase helix Increase volume of coolant
Poor Surface Finish	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Feed rate too high Low cutting speed Tool wear Edge build up Depth of cut too large Chip welding 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Reduce feed rate Increase RPM Replace or regrind tool Increase RPM, switch to higher helix tool Reduce depth of cut Increase volume of coolant
Burring or Workpiece Chipping	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Tool wear Improper helix angle Feed rate too high Depth of cut too large 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Replace or regrind tool Change to recommended helix angle Reduce feed rate Reduce depth of cut
Workpiece Inaccuracy	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Loose/worn toolholder Poor toolholder rigidity Poor spindle rigidity Insufficient number of flutes Tool deflection 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Repair or replace Replace with shorter/more rigid toolholder Use larger spindle or different machine tool Use tool with higher flute quantity Shorten LOC, place shank further up holder

Trouble Shooting for Ultra-Tool® Carbide Drills

Problem	Cause	Solution (see key below)
Heavy Wear at Outer Edge	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Insufficient coolant Incorrect speed & feed 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 5, 6 1, 2, 8
Chipping at Outer Cutting Edge	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Loose tool, tool movement Workpiece movement Poor coolant conditions Incorrect speed & feed 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 8, 10, 11, 12, 14, 16, 17, 21 8, 12, 13, 21 5, 6 1, 2, 3, 4
Drill Point Chipping	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Loose tool, tool movement Incorrect speed & feed Drill centering 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 10, 11, 12, 14 1, 2, 3, 4 8, 10, 11, 12, 21
Margin Wear	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Drill margin rubbing wall Poor chip evacuation Poor coolant conditions Workpiece movement 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 20 (check drill for backtaper) 5, 6, 8, 20 5, 6 8, 13, 21
Tool Breakage	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Loose tool, tool movement Workpiece movement Wrong drill type Poor coolant conditions Incorrect speed & feed 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 8, 10, 11, 12, 14, 16, 17, 21 8, 12, 13, 21 9, 15, 16, 18, 19, 20 5, 6 1, 2, 3, 4
Poor Tool Life	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Incorrect speed & feed Poor coolant conditions Wrong drill point 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1, 2, 3, 4 5, 6 8, 21
Drill Walk	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Incorrect speed & feed Tool wear Wrong drill point Material condition 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1, 2 7, 8, 21 8, 10, 11, 21 11, 12, 15, 16, 17
Chip Welding	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Poor coolant conditions Wrong drill type 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 5, 6 19, 20
Hole Size Inaccuracy	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Incorrect speed & feed Poor coolant conditions Loose tool Wrong drill type 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1, 2, 3, 4 5, 6 14 9, 18
Non-Cylindrical Hole	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Loose tool, tool movement Workpiece movement Incorrect speed & feed Wrong drill type 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 8, 10, 11, 12, 14, 16, 17 13 1, 2 18, 21
Heavy Burr	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Incorrect speed & feed Incorrect drill point 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1, 2 8, 21
Blue Chips	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Poor coolant conditions Tool wear 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 5, 6 7, 8
Long Chips	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Poor point grind Incorrect speed & feed 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 8 1, 2
Solutions Key for Drills	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1) Reduce RPM 2) Increase feed 3) Increase RPM 4) Reduce feed 5) Increase coolant 6) Increase mixture 7) Add negative hone 8) Repoint drill 9) Correct drill type/size 10) Use self-centering drill 11) Spot/center drill 12) Clean surface 13) Improve rigidity/clamp 14) Tighten holder 15) Use straight flute 16) Use stub length 17) Place further up holder 18) Use three-flute 19) Use slower helix 20) Use parabolic design 21) Change point style 	

Trouble Shooting for Ultra-Tool® Carbide Reamers

Problem	Cause	Solution
Chatter	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> High cutting speed Feed rate too low Workpiece movement Toolholder rigidity Tool rigidity 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Lower RPM or increase feed rate Increase feed rate Tighten workpiece rigidity Tighten toolholder or reduce float Use shorter tool, place further up holder
Tool Wear / Chipping	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Incorrect feed rate Incorrect speed Poor hole condition Abrasive material Poor chip evacuation Poor coolant Insufficient coolant Workpiece alignment Excessive stock removal 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Increase feed rate (typically) Reduce speed (typically) Work-hardened hole; change drilling type Use proper coolant, coated reamer Use/increase coolant, use helical reamer Replace coolant or correct mixture Increase coolant volume Use bushing, floating holder, lead chamfer Use larger diameter starter drill
Tool Breakage	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Incorrect feed rate Incorrect speed Tool wear Bottoming of hole Coolant conditions Insufficient stock removal Poor set up Excessive stock removal 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Increase feed rate (typically) Reduce speed (typically) Sharpen or replace reamer Adjust stop depth, check preset Increase, replace, or correct coolant Use smaller diameter starter drill Use bushing, floating toolholder Use larger diameter starter drill

Problem	Cause	Solution
Poor Finish	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Feed rate too low Insufficient stock removal Poor hole condition Poor coolant Insufficient coolant 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Increase feed rate Use smaller diameter starter drill Work-hardened hole; change drilling type Replace/correct coolant mixture Increase coolant volume
Hole Tolerance	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Workpiece alignment Incorrect tool size Material shrinkage Tool wear Toolholder runout 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Use bushing, floating toolholder Check diameter of tool Adjust diameter for shrinkage; more coolant Sharpen or replace tool Adjust or replace toolholder